

Question #1 of 43

With respect to exchange rate regimes, crawling bands are *most likely* used in a transition toward:

- A) a monetary union.
 - B) floating exchange rates.
 - C) a fixed peg arrangement.
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Question #2 of 43

The spot rate for Chinese yuan per Canadian dollar is 6.4440. If the Canadian interest rate is 2.50% and the Chinese interest rate is 3.00%, the 3-month no-arbitrage forward rate is *closest to*:

- A) 6.436 CNY/CAD.
 - B) 6.475 CNY/CAD.
 - C) 6.452 CNY/CAD.
-

Question #3 of 43

In which of the following exchange rate regimes can a country participate without giving up its own currency?

- A) Crawling peg or formal dollarization.
 - B) Target zone or conventional fixed peg.
 - C) Monetary union or currency board.
-

Question #4 of 43

The spot rate for Japanese yen per UK pound is 138.78. If the UK interest rate is 1.75% and the Japanese interest rate is 1.25%, the 6-month no-arbitrage forward rate is *closest to*:

- A) 138.10 JPY/GBP.
 - B) 138.44 JPY/GBP.
 - C) 138.95 JPY/GBP.
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Question #5 of 43

In the currency market, traders quote the:

- A) base currency rate.

- B) nominal exchange rate.
 - C) real exchange rate.
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Question #6 of 43

A country's central bank announces a monetary policy goal of a stable exchange rate with the euro, which it defines as deviations of no more than 3% from its current exchange rate of 2.5000. The country's exchange rate regime is *best* described as a:

- A) fixed peg.
 - B) target zone.
 - C) crawling band.
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Question #7 of 43

Spot and one-month forward exchange rates are as follows:

	Spot	1-month forward
EUR/DEF	2.5675	2.5925
EUR/GHI	4.3250	4.2800
EUR/JKL	7.0625	7.0075

Based on these exchange rates, the EUR is *closest* to a 1-month forward:

- A) premium of 1% to the GHI.
 - B) premium of 1% to the DEF.
 - C) discount of 1% to the JKL.
-

Question #8 of 43

Currency depreciation is *most likely* to affect the balance of trade when a country's imports are goods that:

- A) have close substitutes.
 - B) have relatively inelastic demand.
 - C) represent a small proportion of consumer spending.
-

Question #9 of 43

If the exchange rate value of the CAD goes from USD 0.60 to USD 0.80, then the CAD:

- A) appreciated and Canadians will find U.S. goods cheaper.
 - B) depreciated and Canadians will find U.S. goods more expensive.
 - C) depreciated and Canadians will find U.S. goods cheaper.
-

Question #10 of 43

The spot exchange rate is 0.6243 USD/GBP and the 1-year forward rate is quoted as 3.016%. The 1-year forward exchange rate for USD/GBP is *closest to*:

- A) 0.6054.
 - B) 0.6431.
 - C) 0.6544.
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Question #11 of 43

The exchange rate for Australian dollars per British pound (AUD/GBP) was 1.4800 five years ago and is 1.6300 today. The percent change in the Australian dollar relative to the British pound is *closest to*:

- A) depreciation of 10.1%.
 - B) depreciation of 9.2%.
 - C) appreciation of 10.1%.
-

Question #12 of 43

The tendency for currency depreciation to increase a country's trade deficit in the short run is known as the:

- A) J-curve effect.
 - B) absorption effect.
 - C) Marshall-Lerner effect.
-

Question #13 of 43

If the CAD is trading at USD/CAD 0.6403 and the GBP is trading CAD/GBP 2.5207, the USD/GBP exchange rate is:

- A) 1.6140.
- B) 0.6196.
- C) 3.9367.

Question #14 of 43

Which of the following would least likely be a participant in the forward market?

- A) Traders.
 - B) Arbitrageurs.
 - C) Long-term investors.
-

Question #15 of 43

Given an exchange rate of USD/CAD 0.9250 and USD/CHF 1.6250, what is the cross rate for CAD/CHF?

- A) 0.5692.
 - B) 1.7568.
 - C) 1.5032.
-

Question #16 of 43

If the no-arbitrage forward exchange rate for a euro in Japanese yen is less than the spot rate, then the interest rate in:

- A) Japan is the same as in the eurozone.
 - B) Japan is less than in the eurozone.
 - C) the eurozone is less than in Japan.
-

Question #17 of 43

Participants in foreign exchange markets that can be characterized as "real money accounts" *most likely* include:

- A) hedge funds.
 - B) insurance companies.
 - C) central banks.
-

Question #18 of 43

Under the absorption approach, which of the following is *least likely* required to move the balance of payments towards surplus?

- A) Increased savings relative to domestic investment.
 - B) Decreased domestic expenditure relative to income.
 - C) Sufficient elasticities of export and import demand.
-

Question #19 of 43

Other things equal, a real exchange rate (stated as units of domestic currency per unit of foreign currency) will decrease as a result of an increase in the:

- A) domestic price level.
 - B) foreign price level.
 - C) nominal exchange rate (domestic/foreign).
-

Question #20 of 43

The Marshall-Lerner condition suggests that a country's ability to narrow a trade deficit by devaluing its currency depends on:

- A) national saving relative to domestic investment.
 - B) capacity utilization in the domestic economy.
 - C) elasticity of demand for imports and exports.
-

Question #21 of 43

The sell side of the foreign exchange markets primarily consists of:

- A) retail investors.
 - B) accounting firms.
 - C) multinational banks.
-

Question #22 of 43

The difference between Country D's nominal and real exchange rates with Country F is *most* closely related to:

- A) the risk-free interest rates of the two countries.
- B) the ratio of the two countries' price levels.
- C) Country D's inflation rate.

Question #23 of 43

The Japanese yen is trading at JPY/USD 115.2200 and the Danish krone (DKK) is trading at JPY/DKK 16.4989. The USD/DKK exchange rate is:

- A) 6.9835.
 - B) 0.5260.
 - C) 0.1432.
-

Question #24 of 43

Assuming no changes in the prices of a representative consumption basket in two currency areas over the measurement period, changes in the nominal exchange rate:

- A) are equal to changes in the real exchange rate.
 - B) can be converted to the real exchange rate using interest rates.
 - C) can be extrapolated to calculate interest rates.
-

Question #25 of 43

A currency exchange rate that is set today for an exchange to be made 90 days in the future is *best* described as a:

- A) real exchange rate.
 - B) forward exchange rate.
 - C) spot exchange rate.
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Question #26 of 43

The exchange rate for Japanese yen (JPY) per euro (EUR) changes from 98.00 to 103.00 JPY/EUR. How has the value of the EUR changed relative to the JPY in percentage terms?

- A) Appreciated by 5.1%.
 - B) Depreciated by 4.9%.
 - C) Appreciated by 4.9%.
-

Question #27 of 43

If the AUD/CAD spot exchange rate is 0.9875 and 60-day forward points are -25, the 60-day AUD/CAD forward rate is *closest to*:

- A) 0.9870.
 - B) 0.9850.
 - C) 0.9900.
-

Question #28 of 43

The exchange rate of the Athelstan riyal (ATH) with the British pound is 9.00 ATH/GBP. The exchange rate of the Mordred ducat (MOR) with the U.S. dollar is 2.00 MOR/USD. If the USD/GBP exchange rate is 1.50, the ATH/MOR cross rate is *closest to*:

- A) 3.00 ATH/MOR.
 - B) 12.00 ATH/MOR.
 - C) 6.75 ATH/MOR.
-

Question #29 of 43

If the current spot exchange rate for quotes of JPY/GBP is greater than the no-arbitrage 3-month forward exchange rate, the 3-month GBP interest rate is:

- A) less than the 3-month JPY interest rate.
 - B) greater than the 3-month JPY interest rate.
 - C) equal to the 3-month JPY interest rate.
-

Question #30 of 43

In the foreign exchange markets, transactions by households and small institutions for tourism, cross-border investment, or speculative trading comprise the:

- A) real money market.
 - B) retail market.
 - C) sovereign wealth market.
-

Question #31 of 43

The spot exchange rate for United States dollars per United Kingdom pound (USD/GBP) is 1.5775. If 30-day interest rates are 1.5% in the United States and 2.5% in the United Kingdom, and interest rate parity holds, the 30-day forward USD/GBP exchange rate should be:

- A) 1.5762.
 - B) 1.5621.
 - C) 1.5788.
-

Question #32 of 43

The spot exchange rate for CHF/EUR is 0.8342 and the 1-year forward quotation is -0.353% . The 1-year forward exchange rate for EUR/CHF is *closest to*:

- A) 1.2029.
 - B) 0.8313.
 - C) 1.2022.
-

Question #33 of 43

If we compare the prices of goods in two countries through time, we can use the price information in concert with the quoted foreign exchange rate to calculate the:

- A) nominal exchange rate.
 - B) real exchange rate.
 - C) interest rate spread.
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Question #34 of 43

If the spot exchange rate between the British pound and the U.S. dollar is GBP/USD 0.7775, and the spot exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the British pound is CAD/GBP 1.8325, what is the USD/CAD spot cross exchange rate?

- A) 1.42477.
 - B) 0.42428.
 - C) 0.70186.
-

Question #35 of 43

Given the following quotes, GBP/USD 2.0000 and MXN/USD 8.0000, calculate the direct MXN/GBP spot cross exchange rate.

- A) 4.0000.
 - B) 0.2500.
 - C) 0.6250.
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Question #36 of 43

The exchange rate for Chinese yuan (CNY) per euro (EUR) changed from CNY/EUR 8.1588 to CNY/EUR 8.3378 over a 3-month period. It is *most accurate* to state that the:

- A) EUR has appreciated 2.19% relative to the CNY.
 - B) CNY has depreciated 2.19% relative to the EUR.
 - C) EUR has appreciated 2.15% relative to the CNY.
-

Question #37 of 43

Country G and Country H have currencies that trade freely and have markets for forward currency contracts. If Country G has an interest rate greater than that of Country H, the no-arbitrage forward G/H exchange rate is:

- A) less than the G/H spot rate.
 - B) greater than the G/H spot rate.
 - C) equal to the G/H spot rate.
-

Question #38 of 43

The spot exchange rate for Canadian dollars (CAD) per Swiss franc (CHF) is 1.1350 CAD/CHF and the 12-month forward exchange rate is 1.1460 CAD/CHF. The forward quote is a:

- A) premium of 110 points and the CAD is at a forward discount to the CHF.
 - B) discount of 110 points and the CAD is at a forward discount to the CHF.
 - C) premium of 11 points and the CAD is at a forward premium to the CHF.
-

Question #39 of 43

The spot CHF/EUR exchange rate is 1.2025. If the 90-day forward quotation is +0.25%, the 90-day forward rate is *closest to*:

- A) 1.2000.
 - B) 1.2055.
 - C) 1.2050.
-

Question #40 of 43

An exchange rate at which two parties agree to trade a specific amount of one currency for another a year from today is called a:

- A) real exchange rate.
 - B) spot exchange rate.
 - C) forward exchange rate.
-

Question #41 of 43

An analyst observes that the exchange rate for Mexican pesos is MXN/USD 8.0000, and the exchange rate for Polish zlotys is PLN/USD 6.0000. The MXN/PLN exchange rate is closest to:

- A) 14.0000.
 - B) 1.3333.
 - C) 0.7500.
-

Question #42 of 43

The spot exchange rate is 1.1132 GBP/EUR and the 1-year forward rate is quoted as +1349 points. The 1-year forward exchange rate for GBP/EUR is *closest to*:

- A) 1.2481.
 - B) 1.1267.
 - C) 1.2634.
-

Question #43 of 43

The USD/EUR spot exchange rate is 1.3500 and 6-month forward points are -75. The 6-month forward exchange rate is:

- A) 1.3425, and the USD is at a forward discount.
- B) 1.3575, and the USD is at a forward discount.
- C) 1.3425, and the USD is at a forward premium.

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